

Hebrews

Hebrews 8: 7-13

Lesson 12: What Makes the Better Covenant Better?

1. What would not have been sought if the first covenant had been faultless? (8:7)
 - How are the laws and commandments of the old covenant described in Romans 7:12?
 - The law caused men to have a knowledge of what? (Romans 7:7)
 - What was God's purpose for the law according to Galatians 3:22-24?
 - The Lord promised to make a new covenant because He found what with whom? (8:8)
2. With whom did God say He would make this new covenant? (8:8)
 - What makes a person part of the Israel of God according to Galatians 6:15-16?
3. In Hebrews 8:9, we learn that the new covenant is not according to what?
 - When had God made the previous covenant with their fathers?
 - What did their fathers not do?
 - What did God do to them as a result?
4. In the new covenant, what would God do with His laws? (8:10)
 - Where were the laws written under the old covenant? (see Exodus 34:1, 28 and Deuteronomy 6:7-9)
 - Under the new covenant, what must happen before one comes to Lord? (John 6:44-45)
 - According to John 1:13, the new birth is of God, not of what?
5. Under the new covenant, what would God be to His people? (8:10b)
6. Why wouldn't participants in the new covenant need to instruct one another to "know the Lord"? (8:11)
 - To whom do the covenants and the law pertain according to Romans 9:4?
 - Would it have been possible for a person to be a physical Israelite without ever knowing God or His laws?
 - Is it possible to be a spiritual Israelite without knowing God?
7. What does the Lord promise to "remember no more"? (8:12)
 - In the old covenant, what was there a reminder of every year? (Hebrews 10:2-3)
8. When the Lord said "a new covenant" what did He make the first covenant? (8:13)
 - The first covenant is ready to do what?
 - What was done to the "handwriting of requirements" according to Colossians 2:14?