

Hebrews

Hebrews 4:12 – 5:10

Lesson 6: Let Us Boldly Approach God's Throne Through Our Great High Priest

1. The word of God is described as “living and powerful” (4:12). How does this fact prove that God’s word is still relevant for the problems of modern man?
2. The word of God is so sharp that it can separate or discern between what things? (4:12).
3. What does the One “to whom we must give account” know about our lives? (4:13).
 - According to Ecclesiastes 12:14, what will God bring into judgment?
 - How do these facts make you feel about the prospect of coming before God’s throne?
4. For what three reasons should we “hold fast”? (3:6, 14; 4:14)
5. Why is Jesus our High Priest able to sympathize with our weaknesses? (4:15)
6. We are encouraged to “come boldly” to what place?
What may we “obtain” and “find” there?
7. Every high priest *taken from among men* is *appointed for men* that he may do what? (5:1)
8. Why is the high priest able to have compassion on the ignorant and those who go astray? (5:2)
9. Did high priests appoint themselves to the position?
 - Who selected or called Aaron and his sons to be priests? (5:4, Exodus 28:1).
 - Who identified Christ as His Son in Hebrews 5:5?
 - Who told Christ “You are a Priest”? (5:5-6)
 - What Old Testament passages are being quoted in Hebrews 5:5-6?
 - Who was “called by God” as High Priest? (5:8-10)
10. What does the fact that God heard the prayers and supplications of Christ “in the days of His flesh” indicate to us about the effectiveness of Christ as our High Priest? (cf. 5:7)
 - Christ “learned obedience” as a Son and was “perfected” as the Author of our salvation through suffering. How do these experiences of Christ enhance His qualifications as High Priest?
11. Christ is the Author of eternal salvation to those who do what?