

Hebrews

Hebrews 7:1-17

Lesson 9: Christ – A Priest After the Order of Melchizedek

1. According to Genesis 14:1-20, which relative of Abraham's did Chedorlaomer and the kings who were with him take captive?
 - How many trained servants did Abraham arm to pursue Chedorlaomer?
 - How far did Abraham's servants go in pursuit?
 - What did Abraham bring back from this victory?

2. Who blessed Abraham as he returned from the slaughter of the kings? (7:1)
 - According to Hebrews 7:7, who blesses whom?
 - What did Abraham give Melchizedek? (7:2)
 - What translations does the writer give for "Melchizedek" and "king of Salem"? (7:2)

 - According to Zechariah 6:12-13, what would the One who would build the temple of the Lord be on His throne?

3. In what ways was Melchizedek "made like the Son of God"? (7:3)

4. What are we asked to consider in Hebrews 7:4?

5. The Law of Moses required the Levites to receive tithes from the people who had come out of whose loins? (7:5)
 - What did Melchizedek receive from Abraham? (7:6)
 - In what way did Levi pay tithes to Melchizedek through Abraham? (7:9-10)

 - How is the relationship between Abraham and God described in 2 Chronicles 20:7 and Isaiah 41:8?

6. Why was there a need for another priest to arise after the order of Melchizedek? (7:11)

7. The change in the Priesthood necessitated a change also in what? (7:12)
 - Why was this the case? What did the Law of Moses say concerning priests coming from the tribe of Judah? (7:13-14)

 - Is the silence of the Scriptures on a matter permissive or prohibitive? (see 2 Timothy 3:16-17; 2 John 9; Proverbs 30:6)

 - Why wasn't Uzziah's service in the temple accepted by the Lord? (2 Chronicles 26:18-19)

8. Instead of becoming a priest "according to the law of a fleshly commandment," Christ arose as a priest according to the power of what? (7:16)